The Inclusive Research Network Workshops

What did you have to say about them?



How did we find out what people thought of the workshops?

By asking you to fill in the evaluation sheets at the

end of each workshop

Remember the evaluation sheets?



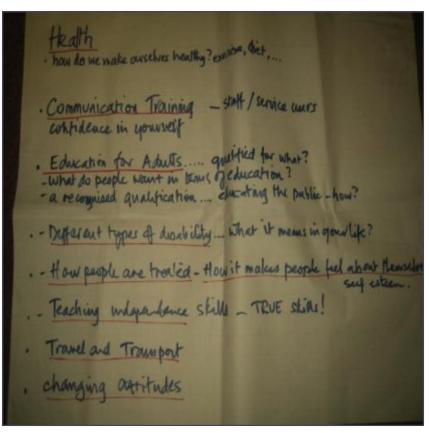
Remember the survey in workshop 2?

Q4: Where is	s your neare	est town or City?		
				10 00 00 00 10 10
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Q5. Do you h	ave a job?	E lipart co		
Yes No				
Q6:.If Yes Is your job:	Unpaid	part-time paid	full-time paid	
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>

■The interviews which were conducted in workshop 2



What you had to say in the workshops (Flipcharts for example).





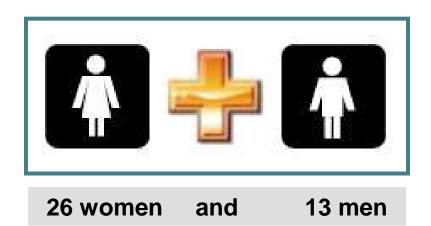
Who came to the workshops?







From the Survey in Workshop 2 We Know That There Were...



... 1 person less than 20 years old

...14 people between the ages of 20 and 39

...23 people between the ages of 40 and 59

...2 people over the age of 60

What is research?



There are many different places and ways to collect information for research.



You can use the mediaradio, newspapers etc. You can use books.





You can use the internet.



You can listen with your eyes, your heart as well as your ears



You can use surveys, focus groups, life stories or interviews.

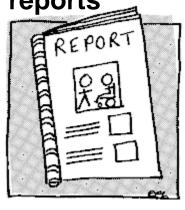
Why do we need to use research skills?



- 1) From workshop two we learned how to listen to what people are really saying and not saying (Body language).
- 2) It helps us see what changes come about over time, so we can see a difference between the past and now.
- 3) We know that all research needs to be based on evidence.
- 4) Research helps us finding out what we don't know. It helps us to go out, ask questions and look for what we want to know.
- 5) Sometimes researching can help us see common themes.
- The skills we have learned could help us now to look for jobs, look for money, share information with our friends, speak out and think differently about certain things in our life and much more. These skills could help us look for change in the future.
- 7) Research we can do will help teach everybody about disabilities.

How can research be made available for everyone?

Writing accessible reports



Making videos, DVDs, CDs, MP3





Workshops, education and courses



What can come from all we have learned?



In what ways can research make a difference for us in the Inclusive Research

6)

- ..."Help special needs" etwork? 1) independent living" ..."ID gaps in services, what's lacking?"
- ..."Help make dreams come 2) true"
- ... "Make things easier" **3**) ..."Improve policy: services government" ... "Objective information versus subjective"
- ... "You can tell your life story" ... "Sharing of information"

- ... "Help with human
- ... "More confidence"
 - ... "Through circle of friends you can talk up for yourself"
- ... "Give a voice to those directly affected"
- ... "Give a voice to younger people"
- ... "Empowerment to the researcher"
- ... "Working together to change policy"
- **7**) ... "Makes changes – going out by yourself" ... "Highlight issue-effects

What People had to say about these workshops



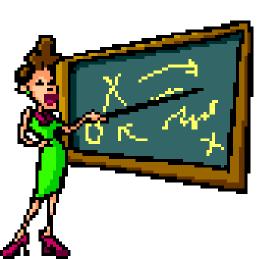
Why did you want to come to these workshops?







What have we learnt?







What was good about the workshops?

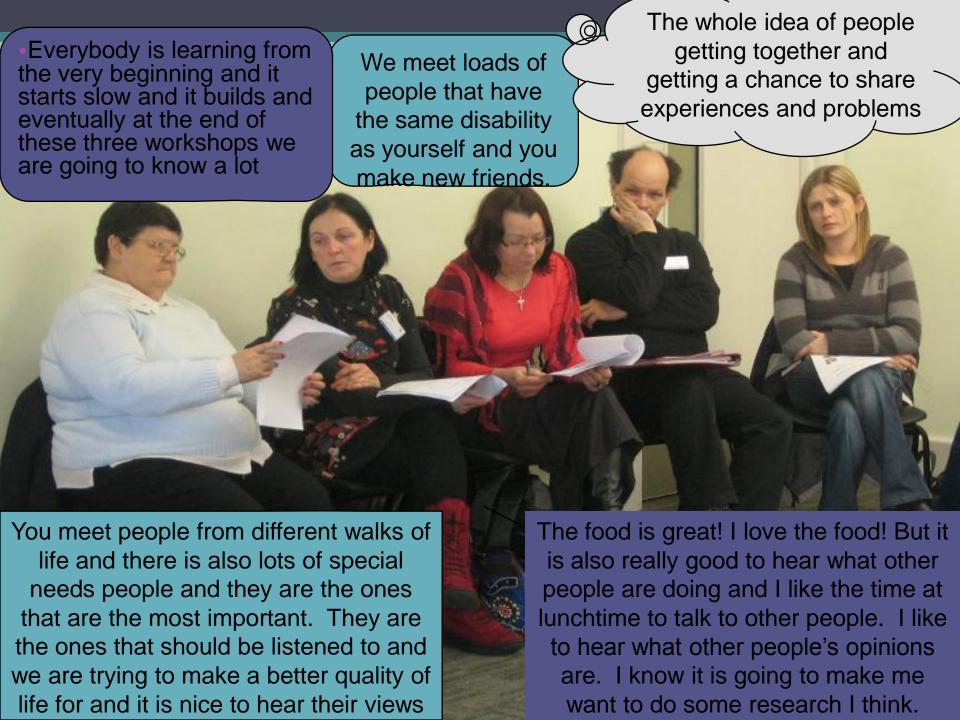
I think what is good is that everyone here has an opportunity to speak when they need to and they get listened to. I think the structure of the day is very good. People are listened to – people have time - they feel they can talk.



Yes I like it



"That there are so many people here willing to get involved is fantastic and it is nice to meet new faces"





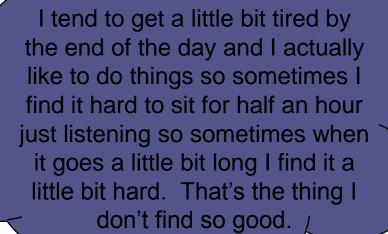
What is not so good - could be



No I don't like it

done better?







• So this is how far we have come with the IRN.

Let us see how much we can do next!

Thanks for listening.

Steve and Edel

